

## **RQC4 QII UTI** Learning Collaborative: **My Care Passport & Local Medical Care Card Training Advocacy Tools Aimed At Improving Communication** & Healthcare Quality For Individuals With IDD

Developed and Presented by Office of Community Quality Improvement in collaboration with the Office of Integrated Health Supports Network at the Virginia Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services







## **Learning Objectives**

- Identify the symptoms of UTI and Urosepsis.
- Describe how to use the Decision Tree to determine if the symptoms the individual is experiencing are a medical emergency or not.
- Describe why the My Care Passport was developed and its purpose.
- State how the My Care Passport can be used as a communication and advocacy tool in acute care settings.
- Describe how the My Care Passport can improve healthcare quality.
- Summarize the information contained in the Consent, Medicaid Waiver, and Discharge Requirements Tip Sheets and their purpose.
- Describe how the use of the Local Medical Care Card can assist with helping individuals receive the healthcare they need in a timely manner.



#### Why was a communication and advocacy tool needed?

- Individuals with IDD did not always receive the right healthcare.
- Many deaths were determined to be from preventable causes.
- A disproportionate number of individuals with IDD were dying in acute care hospitals when compared to the general public.



A lack of communication was identified as a barrier to quality care.

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#### Local Medical Care Card & Advocacy

#### The breakdown in communication occurred because...

#### **Community Caregivers:**

DBHDS>>>>

- Did not always know what information hospital staff needed to know.
- Incorrectly assumed that all acute care staff had experience and training focused on caring for individuals with IDD.

#### **Acute Care Hospital Staff:**

- Did not always know the right questions to ask.
- Lacked experience and training focused on caring for individuals with IDD.
- Did not know how to "connect" with individuals on a person-to-person basis.

### **Poor Communication + Poor Information Sharing**









## **My Care Passport was Created**

- The My Care Passport is an Americanized version of the Hospital Passport.
- Its use is voluntary.
- Improves communication and information sharing between acute care staff and community caregivers.
- Promotes person-centeredness by familiarizing hospital staff with the unique needs, abilities, interests, likes and dislikes of individuals with IDD.

| provide care or servi                                 | this document needs to go with me<br>ses to me. It gives important informatio<br>th me at my bed, in my notes, and used | n about me. This document sh   |             | nia Department of<br>vioral Health & | 1  |
|---|---|--|-------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| Ŀ   | A My<br>Pas   | Care<br>sport  |             |                                      | serteenst of<br>Health &<br>tal Services<br>1 20 5 |
| y Name is:  |   |  |             | , I                                  | _  |
| like to be called:                                    |   |  | <u>ج</u>    | s Ata                                |  |
| he type of home I liv<br>ample: Group home, Family ho |   |  |             | 9 1 11                               |  |
|   | need and the hours of support I get   | a day are:   |             |                                      |  |
| /ho can give consen                                   | to treat me and their contact inform  | nation:  | R           |                                      |  |
| ne people who are i                                   | nportant to me and who can give yo  | u information about me:  |             | 2                                    |  |
|   |   |  | 5_D)        | i                                    |  |
| y drug and food alle                                  | rgies and/or adverse drug reactions   | 3:   | AFE         | ,                                    |  |
| gency Name:   |   |  |             |                                      |  |
| ddress:   |   |  |             | r                                    |  |
| none Number:  |   |  |             |                                      |  |
| ignature:   |   | Date:  |             |                                      |  |
| lember 2021   | The Virginia Department of Behavioral Health and Deve<br>1220 Bank Street, P.O. Box 1797, Richmond, Virgin              |  | e 1 of 4    |                                      |  |
| September 202   |   | ioral Health and Developmental Services<br>797, Richmond, Virginia 23218-1797                        | Page 2 of 4 |                                      |  |
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|   |   |  |             |                                      |  |



## The 1<sup>st</sup> Page

- The first page holds basic information regarding the individual.
  - Their photo.
  - Their name.
  - Nick name.
  - Consent information.
  - Important people.
  - Allergies and adverse reactions.
  - Provider agency information.
  - Signature of person completing the "My Care Passport".

| My Care Pas<br>If I go to the hosp<br>professionals who                               | havioral Health and Developmental Service<br>sport<br>ital this document needs to go with me. It is esser<br>lake care of me. It gives important information about<br>to with me at my bed, in my notes, and used when you | <b>itial reading for all medical</b><br>me. This document should |  |
|---|--|--|--|
|   | My Car<br>Passpo   |  |  |
| My Name is:   |  |  |  |
| l like to be called   | <u>.</u>   |  |  |
| The type of home I<br>Example: Group home, Family                                     |  |  |  |
|   | nome, supported living.<br>t I need and the hours of support I get a day are:  |  |  |
|   |  |  |  |
|   |  |  |  |
| Who can give cons   | ent to treat me and their contact information:   |  |  |
| Who can give cons   | ent to treat me and their contact information:   |  |  |
|   | ent to treat me and their contact information:<br>important to me and who can give you informat  | ion about me:  |  |
|   |  | ion about me:  |  |
| The people who are  | : important to me and who can give you informat  | ion about me:  |  |
| The people who are  |  | ion about me:  |  |
| The people who are  | : important to me and who can give you informat  | ion about me:  |  |
| The people who are  | : important to me and who can give you informat  | ion about me:  |  |
| The people who are<br>My drug and food a  | : important to me and who can give you informat  | ion about me:  |  |
| The people who are<br>My drug and food a<br>Agency Name:                              | : important to me and who can give you informat  | ion about me:  |  |
| The people who are<br>My drug and food a<br>Agency Name:                              | : important to me and who can give you informat  | ion about me:  |  |
| The people who are<br>My drug and food a<br>Agency Name:<br>Address:<br>Phone Number: | : important to me and who can give you informat  | Date:  |  |



## The 2<sup>nd</sup> Page

- The second page holds the "Things you need to know about me".
- This section is in **RED** indicating highest importance.
  - Communication.
  - Pain.
  - Eating & drinking.
  - How medications are taken.
  - Support during medical treatments.
  - Vision & hearing.
  - Safety.
  - Behaviors.

| Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services           Wy Care Passport  | Virginia Department of<br>Behavioral Health &<br>Developmental Bervices |
|--|---|
| Things you need to know about me:<br>Communication - How well use and understand speech.   |   |
| How I communicate YES or NO. The ways I communicate and show how I feel.   |   |
| Pain — How do J show when I'm in pain and how to support me?   |   |
| Eating & Drinking — What help I need and what food allergies or intolerances I have.<br>Does my boo need to be out up or the testure changed? Is there a risk for choking? Do I use special equipment to eat or drink?<br>Do I need help filing in menus? (Also, see likes and disikes section). | × 📬   |
| How do I take my medications & how to support me with medical treatment<br>One table at a time, crusher mixed in appleasure, are all quart?<br>Do put need to need and make sure I seallowed? Thinking my tail signs, doing a blood test, or giving an injection.                                | ts - √ 🕵  |
| Mu vision and boaring  |   |
| My vision and hearing — Do I have any problems with seeing or hearing? Do I use and aids to hear or see?   | D, O  |
| How to keep me safe - Do I wander? Could I fait out of bed or climb out?   | STAY SAFE   |
| How to support me when I'm anxious, worried or upset.<br>Behaviors I have that might be challenging or cause risk –<br>What you can do to support me with my behaviors, things which hep me relex  | ¥Ť Ť  |
|  |   |
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## The 3<sup>rd</sup> Page

- The third page holds
   "Things you should know about me" are in YELLOW.
  - Toileting.
  - Personal care needs.
  - Mobility needs.
  - Sleeping.
- Then in GREEN are the "Things that are important to me".
  - Likes.
  - Dislikes.
  - Typical behavior.

| Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services  |   |
|---|---|
| Things you should to know about me:   |   |
| How I use the toilet & my personal care needs – Example: I am incontinent of bowel and or bladder.<br>I can't wak on my own to the bathroom or clean myself after I use the toilet? What support do I need for personal care? |   |
|   |   |
| Moving around — Do I need help to move around? Do I use a waker, whee bhair, or need help repositioning?  |   |
|   |   |
| Sleeping — What are my sleep patterns or routines at bed time? Do I get up during the night? How often should you check on me at night?   |   |
|   |   |
| Things that are important to me:  |   |
| Things I like — Trings important to me, I erjoy and nep me to relax. Poods and drinks I like<br>Clothes and shoes I like to wear, how I like my hair done, my favorte music, T. V. programs, and advities.                    |   |
|   |   |
| Things I don't like — Things that make me unhappy, antious or scared. Foods and drinks I don't like. Ways I don't like to be treated.   | 3 |
|   |   |
| How I usually am — Examples: I sleep a lot, I am usually very quiet, I am very active during the day.   |   |
|   |   |
|   |   |
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## The 4<sup>th</sup> Page

- The fourth page is for additional information.
  - Passport Updates in **BLUE.**
  - Additional notes in PURPLE.

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My Care Passport

Passport Updates - This section is to be completed by hospital staff when the individuals condition has changed effecting the information on this Care Passport and or the individual is tranistioning to a different level of care.

Additional Notes - Any additional information which might be needed to provide safe quality care to this individual.

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September 2021

## **The Consent Tip Sheet**

#### The Consent Tip Sheet

DBHDS>>>>

- Shares information about medical care and treatment consent for individuals.
- Indicates who can make • medical decisions and who can receive personal health information (PHI) relating to the individual based on their role.

Definition - The Chart below is to help with surrogate decision -Person who can Person making for persons who lack capacity. make medical authorized to Note: Patients are assumed to have capacity unless determined decisions receive PHI otherwise by an up-to-date capacity assessment. Medical Selected by the patient in an advanced directive as Yes Yes Power of the person authorized to make decisions for them if Attorney they are ever incapacitated. (MPOA) Legal A court appointed guardian has authority to make Yes Vec Guardian medical decisions Legal When there is no MPOA, no guardian, and the Yes Yes Surrogate patient lacks capacity to make medical decisions. Decision Maker This is a family member or close acquaintance who is next in line following Virginia law on surrogate (Next of Kin) decision-making and who is willing to serve in the role of surrogate decision-maker. Authorized A person authorized to receive and disclose medical No Yes Not for hospital information Representative care decisions. (AR) To consent for treatment and services within a Yes designated provider/setting - such as a group home, For decisions in day program, or work program. the location identified by the AR authorization Designated A person designated by a patient to provide any No Yes needed assistance while the patient is in the hospital Direct Support and in the community, including assistance for Professionals communication, and basic care needs (DSP) Community A community agency care provider who supports the No Yes Agency Care individual to live independently in their own home Providers under a Medicaid Waiver.









## **The Discharge Requirements Tip Sheet**

The Discharge Requirements Tip Sheet

- Communicates best practice discharge instructions for individuals in Virginia's Waiver System.
- Is focused on individuals who reside in a DBHDS licensed setting.
- Aimed at individuals primarily supported by laypersons.





Virginia Department of Behavioral Health &

## **The Medicaid Waiver Tip Sheet**

#### The Medicaid Waiver Tip Sheet

- Communicates a simplified explanation of Virginia's Medicaid Waiver Support System for individuals with IDD.
- Shares several resources for more in-depth information about Virginia's Medicaid Waiver Support System, if desired.

| What is a<br>Waiver?                                     | <ul> <li>Is in addition to Medicaid, a Medicaid Waiver is a long-term support system for someone<br/>who has long-term care needs and or could live in an institution, like an individual with an<br/>intellectual and/or developmental disability.</li> </ul>   |
|--|--|
|  | Once a Waiver is assigned, there are several services available. Frequently used services include:   |
|  | <ul> <li>Assistants who work 1 to 1 with the person,</li> </ul>  |
|  | <ul> <li>Respite care so parents can have a break,</li> </ul>  |
|  | <ul> <li>Group home supports by direct support professionals (DSPs) where a person with a developmental disability lives in a home shared by other people with disabilities,</li> </ul>  |
|  | <ul> <li>Long term employment,</li> </ul>  |
|  | <ul> <li>Meaningful day services,</li> </ul>   |
|  | <ul> <li>Assistive technology,</li> </ul>  |
|  | <ul> <li>Environmental modifications,</li> </ul>   |
|  | <ul> <li>Nursing, and more.</li> </ul>   |
|  | These services are offered at no or very low cost.   |
| Waiver<br>Options  | <ul> <li>Community Living Waiver (CL) – is for youth and adults who have extremely high medica behavioral, or support needs. It provides 24/7 active services, delivered by direct support professionals (DSPs).</li> <li>Family and Individual Supports Waiver (FIS) – is for children and adults who nee supports from between a few hours to most hours of the day, including overnight monitoring in some cases.</li> <li>Building Independence Waiver (BI) – is for those 18 years and older who can live an work with a fair amount of independence, but need drop in supports.</li> <li>Commonwealth Community Care Waiver (CCC+) – is for people who have a developmental disability or are over the age of 65 and have significant medical needs primarily attendant and respite care, and some nursing.</li> </ul> |
|  | Resources  |
| years with a te  | th intellectual and developmental disabilities (I/DD) who utilize the Medicaid Waiver services are assessed every three<br>set called the Supports Intensity Scale (SIS) to measure the intensity of their needs.<br>virginia gov/devolopmental-services/svalver-services  |
| https://dbhds.   | th I/DD who have more needs receive a higher reimbursement rate for some of their services.<br>virginia.gov/library/developmental%20services/mlmc%20support%20levels%20and%20ters%20adults%206-30-16.pdf   |
|  | ation. https://dbhds.virginia.gov/developmental-services/my-life-my-community-waiver.  |
| <ul> <li>My Life, My C</li> <li>Waiver Option</li> </ul> | ommunity. https://www.mylifemycommunityvirginia.org/   |
|  | virginia.gov/library/developmental%20services/mlmc%20services%20and%20support%20options%202016%20final%2   |
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Local Medical Care Card & Advocacy





## **Local Medical Care Card**

- The Local Medical Care (LMC) card shares the individual's name, home address, and phone number, as well as the address & contact information for:
  - Primary Care Provider (PCP).
  - Local Urgent Care Center and alternative.
  - Hospital Emergency Room and alternative.
- The distance of all the above from the individual's home.

| Complete the OIHSN "My Care Passport"   |                         | and Developmental Services |
|---|-------------------------|----------------------------|
| https://dbhds.virginia.gov/wp-content/uploads/2022/09/E   |                         | enort 0 25 22 ndf          |
| or every individual who is taken to visit a healthcare profess<br>rovider, hospital emergency room, or urgent care. |                         |                            |
| ndividual's Name:   |                         |                            |
| LOCAL MEDICAL CARE CARD   |                         | Preferred/Nearest          |
| Group Home Information:   |                         |                            |
| Name: ABC Group Home  |                         |                            |
| Location: 100 Sunnyvale Drive   |                         |                            |
| Contact Number: (804) 456-7890  |                         |                            |
| Information for 911: House is white with red shutters and at the en   | ud of the street on the |                            |
| right. Please come in the left side door of the house.  |                         |                            |
| Primary Care Provider:  | Distance:               |                            |
| Name:   |                         |                            |
| Location:   |                         |                            |
| Contact Number:   |                         |                            |
| Does Primary Care Provider offer Urgent Care onsite?  | Yes No                  |                            |
| Name:   |                         |                            |
| Location:   |                         |                            |
| Contact Number:   |                         |                            |
| Local Urgent Care Center:   | Distance:               |                            |
| Name:   |                         |                            |
| Location:   |                         |                            |
| Contact Number:   |                         |                            |
| Alternative Urgent Care Center:   | Distance:               |                            |
| Name:   |                         |                            |
| Location:   |                         |                            |
| Contact Number:   |                         |                            |
| Hospital Emergency Room:  | Distance:               |                            |
| Name:   |                         |                            |
| Location:   |                         |                            |
| Contact Number:   |                         |                            |
| Alternative Hospital Emergency Room:  | Distance:               |                            |
| Name:   |                         |                            |
| Location:   |                         |                            |
| Contact Number:   |                         |                            |
| Freestanding Emergency Room:  | Distance:               |                            |
| Name:   |                         |                            |
| Location:<br>Contact Number:  |                         |                            |
|   |                         |                            |





# UTI Case Study #1



Local Medical Care Card & Advocacy

May 2024



Bobbie is a non-verbal 35-year-old male with severe & profound DD. He is completely dependent on caregivers for all activities of daily living (ADL's) and <u>wears adult briefs</u> due to bowel & bladder incontinence. He uses a condom catheter for increased independence at the day program. He is dependent on caregivers to change his adult briefs and empty his catheter bag at both sites. **BASELINE** 

For the last 3-4 days, Bobbie's urine has been <u>dark yellow</u>, cloudy and foul smelling. He has had <u>increased behaviors</u> and started <u>kicking and fighting with his caregivers when</u> <u>being repositioned</u>. He has become <u>increasingly angry and aggressive with caregivers</u> <u>during any interaction</u>. He <u>began refusing to eat</u>, or <u>drink yesterday and also</u> <u>started</u> <u>crying out and fighting</u> when being bathed or dressed. <u>CHANGES</u>

Early this morning Bobby started <u>sweating</u>, <u>shivering</u>, <u>crying loudly</u>, <u>and breathing very</u> <u>fast</u>, as if he couldn't catch his breath. <u>His heart rate was 110 (high)</u>. <u>His blood pressure</u> <u>was 80/48 (low)</u>. <u>He is lethargic (lifeless)</u>, and <u>his skin is pale and clammy</u>. <u>**CHANGES**</u>







## What Should Be Done Next?

- 1. What should Bobbie's caregivers do next?
  - a. Call his primary care provider (PCP) and make the next possible appointment.
  - b. Take him to the urgent care when you have time this evening.
  - c. Call 911 immediately.
  - d. Do nothing and put him to bed with extra blankets because he shivering.

## First: Compare UTI Symptoms verses Sepsis/Urosepsis Symptoms



UTI is not a medical emergency, but when symptoms of UTI are recognized, individuals with IDD <u>should be assessed, diagnosed</u> <u>and treated as soon as possible.</u>

#### Symptoms of UTI

☑ Dysuria (painful or difficult urination. Maybe

#### Fever. Maybe

- □ Frequent and urgent urination.
- □ Nocturia (excessive urination at night).
- ✓ Hematuria (blood in urine). Maybe
- ☑ Malaise (feeling ill or weak). Yes
- Lower abdominal pressure, pain or cramping. Maybe
- □ Urinary incontinence. Baseline.
- ✓ Loss of appetite. Yes
- Mental confusion.
- ✓ Irritability or agitation. Yes
- ☑ Chills, nausea or vomiting. Yes
- Dark yellow, cloudy or foul-smelling urine.
   Yes

#### Bobbie Has UTI with Sepsis/Urosepsis Symptoms.

Sepsis & Urosepsis (a UTI that has progressed to sepsis) is <u>ALWAYS A</u> <u>MEDICAL EMERGENCY.</u> When symptoms are recognized, call 911.

#### **Symptoms of Urosepsis**

- ✓ Low blood pressure
- ☑ Rapid heart rate (pulse)
- High/fast respiratory rate (Tachypnea)
- ☑ Difficulty breathing
- ☑ Shaking chills
- Extreme pain
- Sepsis rash.
- Clammy or sweaty skin.

May 2024

Local Medical Care Card & Advocacy

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## SEPSIS

- Life-threatening.
- Must act quickly.
- Administration of IV antibiotics should begin within one hour, once symptoms are identified.
- Each one-hour delay in IV antibiotic treatment drops the survival rate by 8%.



CALL 911 IF ANY COMBINATION OF THESE SYMPTOMS OCCUR

#### **Call 911 For Sepsis/Urosepsis Symptoms**







## **The Decision Tree**





## **Additional Advocacy in the ER**

- Go to the ER to advocate for the individual whenever possible, even when the individual is transported by ambulance.
- Communicate the individual's baseline functioning (their typical functioning).
- Communicate any recent changes observed, when they started, what the progression has been, and what you know, as best as you can.
- Try to be as specific as possible:
  - "Bobbie has severe and profound IDD."
  - "He is completely dependent on caregivers for his ADL's."
  - "He is incontinent of bladder and bowel."
  - "He wears adult briefs and a condom catheter,"
  - "Bobbie's urine has been yellow, cloudy and foul smelling for 3-4 days."
  - "Bobbie has had increased behaviors over the last week, which may be due to pain."
  - "He was crying loudly, shivering and panting like he couldn't catch his breath this morning before we called 9-1-1."



## **Emergency Room Advocacy Card**

#### Emergency Room Advocacy Card DBHDS

| Condition                     | Diagnostic Test or Clinical Assessment   |  |
|-------------------------------|--|--|
| Aspiration                    | Chest x-ray, Vital Signs                 |  |
| Constipation                  | Abdominal x-ray, CA                      |  |
| Dehydration                   | CBC, CA, Vital Signs                     |  |
| Falls                         | X-ray, CT, MRI, CA                       |  |
| Pressure Injury               | СА                                       |  |
| Seizures                      | EEG                                      |  |
| Sepsis                        | CBC, CA, Vital Signs, Lactic Acid Levels |  |
| Urinary Tract Infection (UTI) | Urinalysis, CBC, CA                      |  |

The front of the card has a list of conditions and which tests or assessments to request.

The back of the card has definitions, normal vital signs for an adult and who to seek help from while at the hospital.

|             | Emergency Room Advocacy Card DBHD5      |                                 |                            |  |
|-------------|---|---------------------------------|----------------------------|--|
|             | Defin                                   | itions                          | Normal Vital Signs         |  |
|             | CBC                                     | Complete Blood Count – Lab work | Temp: 98.6° F              |  |
|             | CA                                      | Clinical Assessment             | Pulse: 60 - 100            |  |
|             | СТ                                      | Computerized Tomography Scan    | Resp: 12 - 20              |  |
| MF          | MRI                                     | Magnetic Resonance Imaging      | B/P: 120/80                |  |
|             | EEG                                     | Electroencephalogram            | O2: 98% - 100%             |  |
|             | Who to seek help from in the hospital – |                                 |                            |  |
|             | The Patient Advocate The H              |                                 | The Hospital Social Worker |  |
| ocal Medica | The Cha                                 | arge Nurse                      | The Medical Director       |  |
|             |   |                                 |                            |  |





## UTI Case Study #2



Local Medical Care Card & Advocacy

May 2024



Patty is a <u>65-year-old female with moderate DD</u>. She is <u>incontinent of bowel</u>, <u>and bladder at night and wears an adult briefs to bed</u>. During the day, without warning, <u>she takes her pants off</u>, then runs to the bathroom to use the toilet. <u>She has a toileting schedule to encourage her to use the bathroom instead of a brief</u>. She can <u>minimally assist with activities of daily living such as dressing</u>, bathing, and eating. She is able to <u>verbally communicate in simple words but</u> <u>doesn't speak in complete sentences</u>. **BASELINE** 

Three days ago, she finished a 7-day course of oral antibiotics for a UTI. Staff noticed she has been <u>picking at her perineal area for the past two days more</u> than normal and has been in and out of the bathroom all day. When she does urinate, her <u>urine is medium yellow in color</u>. Patty's <u>brief has been dry in the</u> morning when it is usually soaked with urinate and she has been <u>refusing to</u> drink water since she started taking the antibiotic. **CHANGES** 







## What Should Be Done Next?

Patty's caregivers called her primary care provider's (PCP) office to schedule an appointment, but he is out of town for four days and there is no one covering for him.

#### 1. What should Patty's caregivers do next?

- a. Call her PCP and take the next possible appointment even if it is 5 days away.
- b. Take Patty to the urgent care listed on her Local Medical Care card today.
- c. Call 911 immediately.
- d. Do nothing but keep a close eye on her.

## First: Compare UTI Symptoms verses Sepsis/Urosepsis Symptoms



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UTI is not a medical emergency, but when symptoms of UTI are recognized, individuals with IDD *should be assessed, diagnosed and treated as soon as possible.* 

#### **Symptoms of UTI**

- ☑ Dysuria (painful or difficult urination. Maybe
- Fever.
- ✓ Frequent and urgent urination. YES
- □ Nocturia (excessive urination at night).
- □ Hematuria (blood in urine).
- □ Malaise (feeling ill or weak).
- Lower abdominal pressure, pain or cramping. Maybe
- □ Urinary incontinence. Baseline.
- ☑ Loss of appetite. Yes
- Mental confusion.
- □ Irritability or agitation.
- □ Chills, nausea or vomiting.
- Dark yellow, cloudy or foul-smelling urine.
   Yes

#### **Symptoms of Urosepsis**

- □ Low blood pressure
- □ Rapid heart rate (pulse)
- High/fast respiratory rate (Tachypnea)
- Difficulty breathing
- □ Shaking chills
- Extreme pain
- □ Sepsis rash.
- □ Clammy or sweaty skin.

Patty has UTI symptoms, but she does not have any lifethreatening symptoms, so it is not a medical emergency.



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## **The Decision Tree**







## **Local Medical Care Card**

- Take Patty to the Urgent Care Center listed on her Local Medical Care Card.
- Take a copy of the Medication Administration Record (MAR), and the her My Care Passport with you.

#### Complete the OIHSN "My Care Passport" https://dbhds.virginia.gov/wp-content/uploads/2022/09/DBHDS-My-Care-Passport-9.25.22.pdf for every individual who is taken to visit a healthcare professional such as to the primary care provider, hospital emergency room, or urgent care. Individual's Name: LOCAL MEDICAL CARE CARD Preferred/Nearest Group Home Information: Name: ABC Group Home Location: 100 Sunnyvale Drive Contact Number: (804) 456-7890 Information for 911: House is white with red shutters and at the end of the street on the right. Please come in the left side door of the house. Primary Care Provider: Distance: Name: Location Contact Number: Does Primary Care Provider offer Urgent Care onsite? Yes No Name: Location: Contact Number: Local Urgent Care Center: Distance: Name: Location: Contact Number Alternative Urgent Care Center: Distance: Name: Location: Contact Number: Hospital Emergency Room: Distance: Name: Location Contact Number: Alternative Hospital Emergency Room: Distance: Name: Location: Contact Number: Freestanding Emergency Room: Distance: Name: Location: Contact Number: Page 1 of 1 The Virginia Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services 12 Bank Street, P.O. Box 1797, Richmond, Virginia 23218-1797

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#### DBHDS>>>>

## Conclusion

- The <u>My Care Passport</u> and <u>Tip Sheets</u> are advocacy tools that can improve communication and information sharing between community caregivers and acute care staff.
- The Local Medical Care Card will take the guess work out of getting the individual with IDD to the healthcare they need.
- The <u>ER Advocacy Card</u> will ...
  - Helps caregivers know which diagnostic tests to advocate for to ensure positive outcomes in a timely manner for the individual with IDD.
  - Whom to seek help from if the individual's human rights are being violated or their needs are being ignored or neglected.







## Questions

- Please direct any questions or concerns regarding this training to:
  - Tammie Williams, RNCC, Community Nursing and Educational Lead.
     <u>tammie.Williams@dbhds.virginia.gov</u>
  - Marylou Bryan, RNCC, Educational Development.
     <u>marylou.bryan@dbhds.virginia.gov</u>
  - Joy Richardson, RNCC, Region 4. joy.Richardson@dbhds.virginia.gov
  - Brian Phelps, BCBA. brian.phelps@dbhds.virginia.gov







## Thank You!



Local Medical Care Card & Advocacy

May 2024





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